

A Kalopanax Tree with Perenniporia fraxinea Ryvarden in front of Central Cafeteria

(Logged on 22/8 2015)



↑ Kalopanax tree before felling



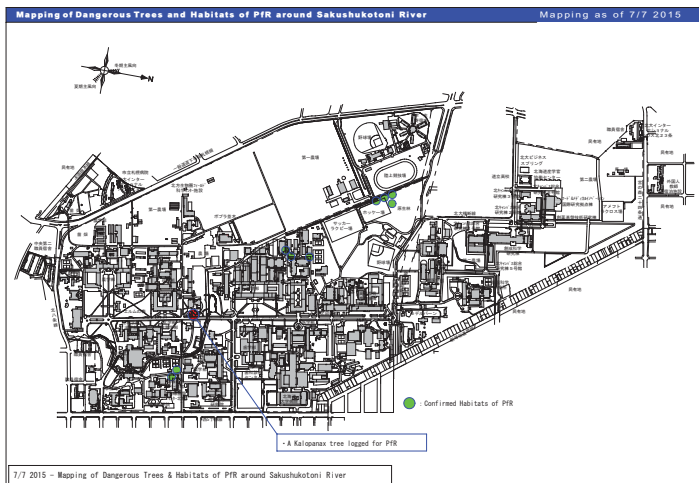
↑ Perenniporia fraxinea Ryvarden before felling



↑ Kalopanax tree after felling



↑ Perenniporia fraxinea Ryvarden after felling



●Characteristic of PFR

PFR makes **orange mushroom** (its fruiting body), and its fruitification is completed in **June - August**. It erodes trees from the inside of stumps, but keeps trees' rootlets for water absorption, and **leaved until actual falling down**. Therefore, **despite of appearance of trees**, PFR mushrooms **would have already eroded** inside the stumps much. Removing the mushrooms on the surface is pointless.



Orange mushroom is PFR (its young fruit body).

●Damages Causes by PFR!

Despite of the inner erosion, trees keep its leaves, and so easily blown away by gales. Besides that, since the stumps are rotten, it causes **big damages by falling down of big trees**.



Orange mushroom is PFR (its fruiting body).

●Risky Tree Species

Many trees seen in Yokohama as **tulip, cherry and Zelkova serrata trees** tend to get parasitised. Also, platanus, Styphnolobium japonicum, weeping willow, poplar and Robinia pseudoacacia tend to be parasitised.